

Scientific Abstract

SU2C Canada-Lustgarten Foundation-Pancreatic Cancer Canada PASS Convergence Dream Team:

"PASS-01-Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma Signature Stratification for Treatment-01"



[This abstract was provided by the scientists when their application was accepted.]

Primary Objective:

To determine the PFS benefit of modified FOLFIRINOX (mFFX) compared to Gemcitabine/ nab-paclitaxel (GA) as first
line treatment in metastatic pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma
(PDAC) in a randomized phase II trial. (If standard of care regimens change during this trial the protocol will be
amended to reflect this change)

Secondary Objectives:

- To determine the objective response rate (ORR) by RECIST 1.1 and duration of response (DOR) in patients receiving mFFX or GA.
- To determine the overall survival (OS) associated with mFFX or GA.
- To explore GATA6 as a biomarker of response to mFFX or GA.

The two chemotherapy regimens GA and mFFX remain standard treatment options without biomarkers to predict response. PASS-01 will for the first time explore PFS differences in the two standard backbone regimens used in the advanced setting. Biomarker driven strategies in PDAC are lacking perhaps accounting for a large number of failed phase II studies. Early work from the COMPASS study and PDO work at CSHL suggests that the basal-like phenotype which can be detected by GATA6 RNA ISH are resistant to mFFX. This study will not just evaluate mFFX as a superior regimen, but will also explore chemotherapy sensitivity signatures, GATA6 and other putative biomarkers as predictors of response to chemotherapy. In addition, the use of PDO models for personalized medicine in PDAC will continue to develop within this study.